

## WEST PENNARD C OF E PRIMARY SCHOOL

# **Dyslexia provision grid (Wave 1)**

Child	School	Date
Year	Class	

# Dyslexia provision grid (Wave 1) West Pennard C of E Primary School

### **Visual Strategies**

Highlighters (spelling patterns, key words/phrases) Symbols used

Pictures to support text

Colour coding

Key word list/display

Coloured background on IWB/ipad

Avoid cluttered worksheets/textbooks

Chunking info into boxes on worksheets

Visual mnemonics (i.e. for spellings)

Flow charts/ mind maps/ diagrams/ writing frames / lists / picture / storyboard / speech bubbles / graphs Scribe

Visual signals for change or to get attention Coloured overlay

Cover up large amounts of text (reading ruler)
Support mats (for individual) – key info/memory

Post-it notes/colour coded – gathering ideas

Skimming/ scanning skills

Calligrams 'bed' to support inverse letters/numbers
Dot-to-dot – letter formations worksheets

#### **Auditory Strategies**

Tape recorder to reinforce auditory instructions Dictaphone to record own ideas for writing – talking tins

**Auditory mnemonics** 

Taped stories

Paired reading

See the teacher speaking

Eye contact on speaking

Use of pupils name to gain attention

Pupil to retell partner info/instructions

STC to support oral instructions

Thinking time to process verbal info

Oral signals to gain attention

Instructions short and clear (backed up visually)

Child repeats back their understanding of task etc.

Music / rhyme

Ipad – reading text back, voice recognition.

### **ICT Strategies**

Colour coded keyboard

Familiar set up on desktop

Dictaphone / talking tins

Headphones

Computer / laptop/ netbook / ipad

Enlarged text

Clearly spaced between lines

Lines/dialogue colour coded

Speech recognition programme

Use of visual charts

Various Dyslexia Friendly software: Clicker, Nessy

apps

Avoid too much coping from board

Photocopying – clear, cream/coloured paper, straight

#### **Kinaesthetic Strategies**

Demonstrate / model skill

Demonstrate prepositions as you speak (up, under, down).

Encourage finger tracing (numbers/spellings)

Feel letters/numbers: plastic, felt, sandpaper, wood

Sand tray Painting

Play dough

Games (i.e. Happy Families with same spelling pattern).

Clapping rhymes (syllables)

Feeling bag to identify letter shape etc.

Use of objects (maths equipment) to demonstrate

abstract concepts into concrete terms

Relate to pupils own experience (drama)

Pen/pencil size/shape

Pen/pencil grip (triangle)

Drama

Dance

Brain gym activities

Spot on carpet/seat cushion/ fidget item Hand workout: play dough, flexing fingers

#### **General Classroom**

Clear labels in classroom (symbols, colour coded)

Enlarge text

Double spacing in text

Sat facing the board / clear view

Writing slope when coping

Writing on alternative lines

Write on large squared paper

Easy movement in classroom to resources, group work.

Working Wall display – key vocab lists, diagrams etc.

Clear learning objects

Bite-size chunks

Thinking/processing time

Rest

Extra time to complete work

Times given (to spend on planning stage etc.)

Group / partner work

Class rules displayed

Visual timetable

Clear learning objective and success criteria

Use of support staff

Differentiation of work/outcome / extension activity

Toolkit (equipment)

Encouragement / rewards

#### **Spelling Strategies**

Look, Read, Trace, Cover, Write, Check

Plastic letters – look/say, mix up, re-arrange, add

Four square approach (writing/checking)

NLP – left visual quadrant

**Mnemonics** 

Saying it as it is

Looking for words within words

Calligrams

Rhythm and rhyme / clapping

Hidden letters in feely bag

Tracking (number line of letters – word hidden)

Phoneme frames

Highlighting

Morphemic approach – units of meaning

Spelling rules

Games (with root word and different suffixes)

Investigations

Countdown

Card games: pairs, happy families

Board game: Snakes and Ladders (piles of spelling

cards)

Spelling pyramid

Sounding out aloud in different voices (robot)

### **Reading Strategies**

Decoding – breaking down into chunks (syllables etc.)

Decoding – breaking down into phonemes

Using illustrations for clues

Prompting to get mouth ready for beginning sound Looking for chunks within a word ('and' in 'stand)

Read until end of sentence then come back to word Reread entire sentence

Question – did it sound right? Does it make sense? Adult to help

Paired reading (more able repeat 'one step behind')

Paired/group – turn into a play – different parts/dialogue

Coloured overlay

The following difficulties may be part of a Dyslexic profi	The following	difficulties may	y be part of a	Dyslexic profile
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- Speed of processing
- Memory
- Independence
- Reading
- Writing
- Spelling
- Co-ordination
- Organisation
- Behaviour (good/bad days)
- Self-Esteem
- Non Verbal Ability

Wave 2 (group) programme
Wave 3 (1:1 personalised) programme
Date